

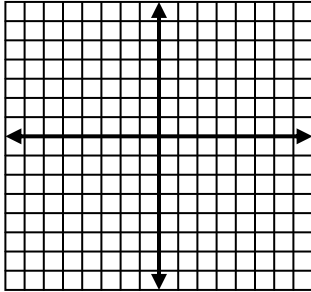
1. Order each group of quadratic functions from widest to narrowest.

a)  $f(x) = 3x^2; f(x) = \frac{2}{3}x^2; f(x) = \frac{5}{3}x^2$

b)  $g(y) = -7y^2; g(y) = 4y^2; g(y) = -\frac{2}{5}y^2$

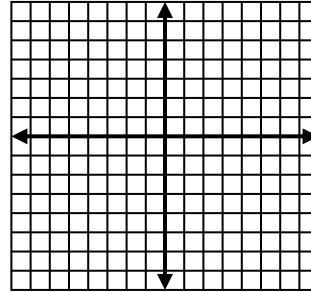
2. Graph each function. State the vertex and axis of symmetry.

a)  $f(x) = -x^2 + 2$



Vertex: ( , ) Axis of symmetry:

b)  $g(x) = x^2 - 2x - 8$



Vertex: ( , ) Axis of symmetry

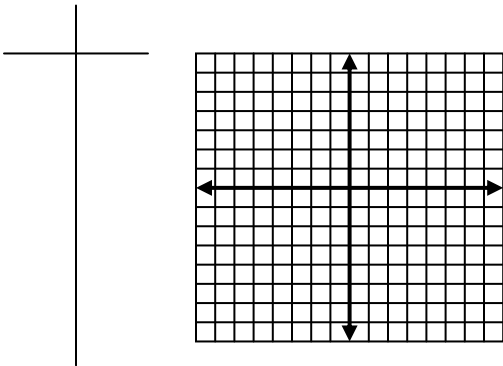
3. Simplify.

a)  $\sqrt{975}$

b)  $\sqrt{2352}$

4. **Solve** by graphing.

$x^2 - x - 6 = 0$



$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

5. **Solve** by factoring.

$2x^2 + x = 6$

$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Scrambled answers:  $28\sqrt{3}, x = 0, \left[\frac{2}{3}x^2, \frac{5}{3}x^2, 3x^2\right], \{-2, 3\}, x = 1, \left[-\frac{2}{5}y^2, 4y^2, -7y^2\right], \left\{\frac{3}{2} - 2\right\}, 5\sqrt{39}$

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6. Solve by completing the square.

$$x^2 - 10x + 2 = 0$$

7. Solve by the quadratic formula.

$$4x^2 - 1 = 5x$$

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In 8-11, solve by any method. (Choose the method that is the quickest!)

8.  $x^2 + 2x - 3 = 0$

9.  $3x^2 = 54$

10.  $x^2 + 4x = 7$

11.  $5 - 3x^2 = 7x$

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Find the discriminant and state the number of solutions for each quadratic equation.

12.  $x^2 - 6x + 9 = 0$

13.  $3x^2 = 2x + 5$

14.  $4x^2 = 8x - 5$

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Scrambled answers:  $\{-3, 1\}$ ,  $\left\{\frac{5 \pm \sqrt{41}}{8}\right\}$ ,  $\left\{\frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{109}}{6}\right\}$ ,  $[64, 2 \text{ solutions}]$ ,  $\{5 \pm \sqrt{23}\}$ ,  
 $[-16, \text{no solutions}]$ ,  $\{\pm 3\sqrt{2}\}$ ,  $[0, 1 \text{ solution}]$ ,  $\{-2 \pm \sqrt{11}\}$