



Before we can solve more complicated equations, we need to practice two procedures called **combining like terms** and using the **distributive property**. These are both essential for solving multi-step equations.



Like terms are terms in an expression that have the same variable(s).

The variable(s) must match to be *like terms*.

For example, $5x$ and $3x$ are like terms, but $6x$ and $7y$ are not like terms.

To **combine like terms** you add them together:

$$5x + 3x = 8x \quad 6x + 7y - 2x = 4x + 7y$$

Circle the like terms in each group of expressions:

1. $4x, 6y, -7x, x, -6z$ 2. $-3m, 2r, 7n, 5s, -9m$ 3. $-4a, c, 8b, 4d, 6t, -3u$

Consider which are the like terms in the following groups and again circle the like terms:

4. $3xy, 6x, -8y, -5xy, 7yx$ 5. $4a, 6a^2, -5ab, -b^2, 9a^2$

Add like terms in the following expressions:

6. $3x + 5x - x + 7x - 6x =$ 7. $-7x - 2x + x - 9x =$
 8. $3x - 2x - 8x + 5x =$ 9. $6x + 2x - 6x - x + 3x - 4x =$

To solve an equation, you may need to add like terms before you do anything else. Try solving these equations for the variable x :

10. $3x + 4 + 2x = 19$ 11. $-2x + 6x - 5 = 11$



The **distributive property** is the mathematical name for the process used to unpack the bags in the cups and coins problems. The *distributive property* multiplies the expression outside of the parentheses to all of the terms inside the parentheses.

$$2(x + 3) = 2x + 6$$

$$-3(x - 6) = -3x + 18$$

$$4(2x - 6 + x) = 8x - 24 + 4x = 12x - 24$$

Use the distributive property to simplify the following expressions:

12. $-5(2x - 4 + 3x)$ 13. $-2(x - 4) + 3(3x - 2)$

When solving an equation, you may need to use the distributive property before you do anything else. Try solving these equations for the variable x :

14. $3(-2x + 1) = 9$ 15. $-4(2x - 3) = 32$

Practice adding like terms and using the distributive property to simplify the following expressions:

16. $5(2n - 3)$

17. $2x - 9 - 7x + 5$

18. $8y - 10y + 3 - y$

19. $-3(5z + 1) + 6z$

20. $-2(3m - 1) - 3(3m - 5)$

21. $4x - 5 - 2(3x - 7)$

First, use the distributive property and add like terms and as you solve the following equations. Check your answers at the bottom of the page.

22. $2(y - 4) + 4y = 16$

23. $2(3x + 2) - 4x = -16$

24. $10 - 2n - 5 = 19$

25. $5m - 3 - 2m = 12$

26. $-2a + 3(2a - 4) = 24$

27. $3c - c - 4 + 2c = 16$

28. $2(3x - 1) - 3(x - 4) = -11$

29. $5z - 2(z + 3) + 2z = 14$

Scrambled answers for #22-29: -10, -7, -7, 4, 4, 5, 5, 9